ALEKSANDROV, B.M. --- (continued) Card 2.

1. Russia (1917- R.S.F.S.R.) Karel'skiy ekonomicheskiy administrativnyy rayon. Sovet narodnogo khozyaystva. 2. Karel'skoye otdeleniye Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta ozernogo i rechnogo rybnogo khozyaystva (for Aleksandrov, Aleksandrova, Belyayeva, Gorbunova, Gordeyeva-Pertseva, Gordeyeva, Gulyayeva, Dmitrenko, Zabolotskiy, Makarova, Novikov, Pokrovskiy, Smirnov, Stefanovskaya, Urban). 3. Karel'skiy filial AN SSSR (for Balagurova, Veber, Potapova, Sokolova, Filimonova, Popenko).

(Karelia--Lakes)

KUFAREVA, O.P.; STEPANOVSKAYA, F.G.

Changes in the functional state of cortical centers of vision in hypertensive patients during treatment with hypotensive drugs.

Vest.LGU 14 no.3:141-145 '59. (MIRA 12:5)

(VISION) (ERGOTOXINE) (RAUWOLFIA)

PLAKSIN, I.N., CHIENEY, A.N., STEPANINSKALA, L. R.

Particular features of the kinetics of flowation with alkyl sulfates. Dokl. AN SSSR 150 mc.2x422-425 Jl 165. (MURA 18:7)

], Ghlan-korrespondent AN SSSR ((or Plakain).

PSAREV, V.I.; MAKOVIYCHUK, Yu.I.; STEFANOVSKAYA, N.B.

Coagulation of the carbide phase in molybdenum and vanadium steels at temperatures lower than the A₁ point. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 6 no.8:120-127 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Chernovitskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

STEFANOVSKAYA, H. N.; FAYERMAN, S. L.

Polymers and Polymerization

Polymerization of multicomponent systems. Usp. khim. 21. no. 7, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, November 1952. UNCLASSIFIED

YAKUBOVICH, A.Ya.; SOLOVOVA, O.F.; DUBOV, S.S.; CHELOBOV, F.N.; STEFANOV-SKAYA, N.N.; GINSBURG, V.A.

Structure and polymerization of compounds containing a trifluorovinyl group. Zhur. VKhO 6 no.6:709-711 °61. (MIRA 14:12) (Vinyl compound polymers)

YAKUBOVICH, A.Ya.; STEFANOVSKAYA, N.N.; MIKHAYLOVSKIY, L.P.; FAYERMAN, S.L.; SOLOVOVA, O.P.; ROZENSHTEYN, S.M.; GINSBURG, V.A.

Structure and polymerization of compounds containing a trifluorovinyl group. Zhur. VKhO 6 nc.6:712-713 '61. (MIRA 14:12) (Vinyl compound polymers)

L 21425-66 EVT m)/EWP(j)/T/ETC(m)-6 WW/RM

ACC NR: AP6010113 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0190/66/008/003/0486/0489

AUTHOR: Stefanovskaya, N. N.; Gefter, Ye. L.

ORG: Scientific Research Institute of Plastics (Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut

plasticheskikh mass)

TITLE: Study of the polymerization ability of esters of phenylvinylphosphinic acid

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 8, no. 3, 1966, 486-489

TOPIC TAGS: phenylvinylphosphinic acid, alkyl phenylvinylphosphinate, flame resistant polymer, phosphorus containing polymer, styrene, styrene copolymer, polymerization, copolymerization

ABSTRACT: The polymerization and copolymerization ability of some esters of phenylvinylphosphinic acid (PVPA) $C_6H_5(CH_2=CH)P(0)OH$ was investigated to widen the list of phosphonates and phosphinates usable as flame retardant monomer components of plastics. The following esters were studied: ethyl-, ethylene glycol- and allyl phenylvinylphosphinates. It was found that the ethyl ester polymerizes slowly, forming only low-molecular products. Both double bonds in the symmetrically estrified ethylene glycol ester have about the same activity and three-dimensional copolymers with styrene are formed. The allyl ester polymerizes at a somewhat higher rate then the ethyl ester; it forms low molecular linear polymers. Two different double bonds in the allyl ester differ sharply: the vinyl group forms the backbone of the

Card 1/2 UDC: 66.095,26+678.86

ACC NR: AP6010113

polymer and participates in the copolymerization with styrene; the allyl group does not react and remains as a side chain. It was found that copolymers of PVPA esters with styrene, which contain more than 1% phosphorus, burn only in an open flame, while those containing more than 2% phosphorus become only charred. The temperature dependences of the mechanical deformation of copolymers of PVPA esters with styrene were determined and the results presented graphically in the original. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 1 table.

[BN]

SUB CODE: 07, 11/ SUBM DATE: 05Apr65/ ORIG REF: 004/ ATD PRESS: 422/

STEFANOVSKAYA, N.V.

Modification of the densimetric method for the determination of plasma proteins, hemoglobin content, and the hematocrit index. Izv. AN Turk. SSR. no.1:128-130 '59. (MIRA 12:5)

1.Turkmenskiy gosudarstvennyy meditsinskiy institut.
(BLOOD—ANALYSIS AND CHEMISTRY)

STEFANOVSKAYA, N. V.

Cand Med Sci - (diss) "Radiological study of the rate of biosynthesis of proteins of blood serum in the normal condition and after massive blood losses." Moscow, 1961. 12 pp; (Central Inst for Advanced Training of Physicians); 300 copies; price not given; (KL, 6-61 sup, 241)

STEFANOVSKAYA, N.V.

Determination of the protein reserve maintaining a state of equilibrium with proteins of the blood serum. Izv. AN Turk. SSR. Ser. biol. nauk no.2:79-82 '61. (MIRA 14:7)

l. Institut zoologii i parazitologii AN Turkmenskoy SSR. (PROTEINS IN THE BODY)

STEFANOVSKAYA, N.V.

Determining the content of methionine in blood serum and liver tissue fluid. Izv. AN Turk. SSR. Ser. biol. nauk no.6:76-78 (MIRA 15:1)

1. Institut zoologii i parazitologii AN Turkmenskoy SSR. (METHIONINE) (SEMUM) (LIVER)

STEFANOVSKAYA, N.V.

Effect of overheating on the change of protein composition in the blood serum. Izv.AN Turk.SSR.Ser.biol.nauk no.3:56-60 '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Institut zoologii i parazitologii AN Turkmenskoy SSR.

(HEAT--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT) (BLOOD PROTEINS)

STEFANOVSKAYA, N.V.

Effect of water deficiency on protein metabolism in rabbits. Izv. AN Turk. SSR. Ser. biol. nauk no.3:74-77 '63.

Effect of overheating and dehydration on the reserve alkalinity of the blood plasma in rabbits. Ibid.:81-84

1. Institut krayevoy meditsiny AN Turkmenskoy SSR.

STEFANOVSKAYA, H.V.

Change in some biochemical indices of the blood following an acute hemorrhage. Izv. AN Turk. SSR. Ser. biol. nauk no.3: 74-77 '64 (MIRA 18:2)

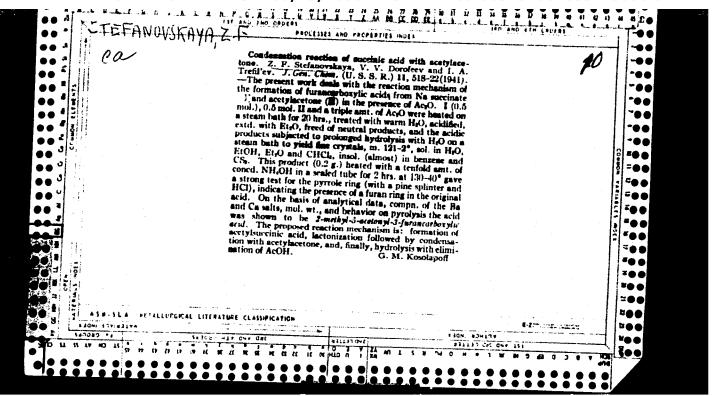
1. Turkmenskiy institut krayevoy meditsiny AMN SSSR.

SOPRUNOV, F.F.; STEFANOVSKAYA, N.V.; KURBANOV, Kh.

Rates of renewal and characteristics of the biosynthesis of proteins of the blood plasma and skin in rabbits. Vop. med. khim. 11 no.2:46(MIRA 18:10)

1. Institut meditsinskov parazitologii i tropicheskov meditsiny imeni Ye. I. Martsinovskogo Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR, Moskva, i Turkmenskiy institut krayevoy meditsiny AMN SSSR.

Effect of catalytic additions on the decomposition and formation of organic peroxides. F. I. Berezovskaya, E. K. Varfelomeeva, and V. C. Stefanovskaya. J. Phys. Chem. (U.S.S.R.) 18, 321-3(1944).--Exptl. data on the decompn. of tert-Bucch, trimol.acetone percxide, and of EtcoH at 80-100°, as catalyzed by the addn. of aniline, amyl nitrite, PhEt4, Mn naphthenate, α - and B-naphthol, α -naphthylamine, phenyl-paminophenol, phenyl-B-naphthylamine, hydroquinone, and triphenyl thiophosphite are shown in 2 figs, and 4 tables. The effects of these same catalysts on the oxidations of cyclohexene and of cyclohexene peroxide at 50° and of the formation of decalin peroxide at 100° are shown in 4 further figures. The effects found depend on the chem. nature of the peroxides. No correlation or parallelism was found between the rates of decompn. of peroxides and the oxidation of the hydrocarbons. The catalytic specificity in low-temp. oxidation is exerted in the first stage of autoxidation, and not on the thermal decompn. of the peroxide. The stability of the peroxides increases with the chain length of the hydrocarbons. F. H. Rathmann



KUSHAKOVSKIY, L.N.; STEFANOVSKAYA, Z.F.

Sanitation value of a sedimentation pond for the purification of industrial waste water from a metallurgical plant. Gig.i san. no.1:51-52
Ja 154. (MLRA 6:12)

1. Iz kafedry kommunal'noy gigiyeny Dnepropetrovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(Factory and trade waste) (Water--Purification)

STEFANOVSKAYA, Zinaida Federovna; STUKOVNIII, N.D., red.

[Laboratory manual in organic chemistry] Rukovodstvo k laboratornym zaniatiiam po organicheskoi khimii. Moskva, Vysshaia shkola, 1964. 63 p. (MIRA 17:6)

IVANOV, Sl.; STEFANOVSKI, IU.

Additions to lubricating oils. Priroda Bulg 12 no. 5: 60-64
S-0 '63.

STEFANOVSKI, St.; STANKOVSKI, Met.

Rational treatment of climacteric disorders. Med. glasn. 11 no.3: 102-106 Mar 57.

l. Neuropsihijatriska (Upravnik: prof. dr B. Niketic) i Ginekoloskoakuserska klinika (Upravnik: prof. dr M. Beric). Medicinskog fakulteta u Skopliu.

(CLIMACTERIC, FEMALE, ther. (Ser))

APOSTOLOV, K.; STEFANOVSKI, S.

Some observations on recent epidemics of Asian influenza in Macedonia. Higijena 15 no.1/2:69-71 '63.

DORDEVIC, Dusan, sanitetski kapetan I klase, dr.; STEFANOVSKI, Stefan, dr.

Our experience with the use of Daraprim in hemoprophylaxis of malaria in 1960 and 1961 in the Devdelije Region. Vojnosanit. pregl. 20 no.4:197-204 Ap 163.

l. Higijensko-epidemioloski odred - Skoplje, Republicki zavod za zdravstvenu zastitu SR Makedonije, Epidemiolosko odeljenje.
(MALARIA CONTROL) (PYRIMETHAMINE)

STEFANOVSKI, Stefan, doc. dr.

Cerebral apoplexy in the light of current research. God. zborn. med. fak. Skopje 11:221-226 '64.

Dystrophia myotonica in one family. Ibid.:235-248

1. Neuropsihijatriska klinika pri medicinski fakultet, Skopje (v.d. upravnik: doc. dr. Petar Fildisevski).

SOURCE CODE: YU/0015/65/000/04-/0104/0108 32793-66 ACC NR. AP6023777 AUTHOR: Stefanovski, Stefan (Professor; Doctor) ORG: Neuropsychiatric Clinic /headed by Professor, Doctor P. Fildisevski/, Medical College, Skopje (Neuro-psihijatrijska klinika Medicinskog faculteta) TITIE: Neuropsychiatric reactions in conditions of mass disaster SOURCE: Medicinski glasnik, no. 4-5, 1965, 104-108 TOPIC TAGS: psychoneurotic disorder, psychiatry ABSTRACT: Detailed description of the patterns of neuropsychiatric reactions among the inhabitants of Skopje following the disastrous earthquake in July 1963; stupor, flight, despair, indifference; but no increase in neurosis or psychosis; factors contributing to the normalization (visits by prominent authorities and engaging the population in the work of clearing the rubble) and to continued neuropsychiatric disturbances (alarming news dissemination by press and radio) are discussed in some detail. [JPRS] SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 007 / OTH REF: 001 1662 Card 1/1 0915

EWT(1)/ETC/EPF(n)-2/EWG(m)/EPA(w)-2/EWA(m)-2 IJP(c) ACCESSION NR: AT5022305 UR/3136/64/000/769/0001/0036

AUTHOR: Stefanovskiy, A. M.

TITLE: Acceleration of plasma electrons

SOURCE: Moscow. Institut atomnoy energii. Doklady, IAE-769, 1964. Uskoreniye elektronov plazmy, 1-36 44,55

TOPIC TAGS: plasma electron oscillation; plasma acceleration, plasma density, betatron, electron plasma

ABSTRACT: The acceleration of plasma electrons was studied in toroidal units' where the equilibrium of the electron beam in the circular orbit is achieved with image currents arising in the metal housing around the vacuum chamber. The preliminary plasma was developed in a toroidal magnetic field by injecting electrons along the lines of force of this field and ionizing a neutral gas in the chamber. In the first series of experiments it was observed that the overwhelming majority of the plasma electrons are not accelerated after an electric field up to 150 v/cm is developed, while powerful oscillations are excited in the plasma. These oscillations result from the action of an inhomogeneous electric field. Results obtained in this series of experiments are similar to those obtained with plasma betatrons. In the second series, the accelerating Card 1/2

L 1844-66

ACCESSION NR: AT5022305

electric field was created uniformly and simultaneously along the pinch of preliminary plasma. Comparison of the plasma density with the measurement of currents arising in the plasma indicates that all the plasma electrons are initially accelerated by the electric field. Subsequently, however, for still unknown reasons, the acceleration ceases, and the current in the plasma becomes purely ohmic. Measurement of the energy of x-ray radiation produced in experiments with an accelerating field of 250 v/cm shows that under these conditions the electron component of the plasma is heated by a short pulse of the electric field (lasting 1.7 \times 10⁻⁷ sec) to a temperature of 50 to 70 kev. It is postulated that the effects observed may be very important for obtaining large accelerated currents in plasma betatrons. Although the acceleration of electrons to relativistic energies cannot be achieved in a denser plasma, the application of a strong electric field can be successfully used for heating the electron component of the plasma. "The author thanks G. I. Bucker and A. A. Naumov 4,55 for organizing the work and for their interest, E. P. Kruglyakov," the participated in experiments with the OF device, and all those who took part in the review of the results." Orig. art. has: 15 figures and 17 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

NO REF SOV:

ENCL:

OTHER:

SUB CODE: NP. ME

L 8521-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/ETC/EPF(n)-2/EWG(m)/EWA(m)_2 IJP(c) AT

ACC NR: AP5021901 SQUEET CODE: UP (0007/CF (00

AP5021901 SOURCE CODE: 1

SOURCE CODE: UR/0207/65/000/004/0021/0026

AUTHOR: Stefanovskiy, A. H. (Moscow)

ORG: none

TITLE: Maximum currents in plasma betatron

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

SOURCE: Zhurnal prikladnoy mekhaniki i tekhnicheskoy fiziki, no. 4, 1965, 21-26

21,411,55

TOPIC TAGS: plasma accelerator, betatron, electron beam, electron accelerator

ABSTRACT: A theoretical calculation of the maximum relativistic currents that can be produced in a plasma betatron and their dependence on conditions in the betatron are presented. To obtain the desired behavior of the accelerated electrons, a balance must exist among the radial forces acting on the electron (and ion) beams in the plasma. The conditions for the balance are obtained from the relativistic azimuthal and radial equations of motion for ions and electrons. These equations contain inductive terms associated with the magnetic field of the electron beam. It is shown that the results apply in practical cases to those cases where longitudinal magnetic fields exist. In addition to the external and self-fields of the system, acceleration is effected by the appearance of instabilities caused by the electrons interacting with waves. The effect of electrostatic and spiral waves connected with toroidal magnetic fields are considered. The time when the electron beam reaches the contain-

Card 1/2

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STEFANOVSKIY, A.M.

Simple concentration boundaries in electrolytes. Elektrokhimiia 1 no.4:446-451 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut imeni Ioffe AN SSSR.

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	1:0930 65 EMT(1)/FOC GW SOURCE CODE: UR/0362/66/002/003/0316/0319 ACC NR: AP6011375 SOURCE CODE: UR/0362/66/002/003/0316/0319 AUTHOR: Gorshkov, A. I.; Ignat'yev, V. I.; Lavrent'yev, G. Ya.; Stefanovskiy, A.M.; Yashukov, V. P. B	
-	ORG: none TITLE: Effect of meteor streams on the electrical field of the atmosphere	
	TITLE: Effect of meteor streams on the electrical notes	
	SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Fizika atmosfery i okeana, v. 2, no. 3, 1966, 316-319	
	TOPIC TAGS: meteor, atmospheric electricity, electric field	
	TOPIC TAGS: meteor, atmospheric distance analysis analysi	
	ABSTRACT: Data on measurements of the electrical field of the atmosphere enabled the authors to study the effect of meteor streams on this field. The results of measurements of nine geotostudy the effect of meteor streams on this field. The results of measurements of nine geotostudy the effect of meteor streams on this field. The results of measurements of nine geotostudy the effect of meteor streams on this field. The electrical field of the atmosphere were analyzed physical stations were used. The data on the electrical field from the data of each geotostudy electron the mean diurnal and mean monthy physical station. These values were averaged for the three years of observations (1957—1959). Then the variations of the field, i.e., the differences between the mean diurnal and mean monthy values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated. The calculated values and the change in the number of meteors for ly values, were calculated.	•
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STEFANOVSKII, A. N. and P. E. FREIBERG

Skorostnye metody vostanovleniia srabotannykh detalei naplavkoi sormaitom i belym chugunom bez posleduiushchei termoobrabotki. Moskva, 1944. 14 p. diagrs. (Institut tekhniko-ekonomicheskoi informatsii. Izdaniia, 1944, No. 19.

High-speed methods of reconditioning worn parts by building up layers of "sormite" hard alloy and white pig iron without subsequent heat treatment.

DLC: TS227.56923

SO: Manufacturing and Mechanical Engineering in the Soviet Union. Library of Congress, 1953.

STEFANOVSKIY, A.N. (Kiyev)

Mechanization of electric welding. Zhel. dor. transp. 40 no.1:78

Ja 158.

(Electric welding)

STEFANOVSKIY, B. S.: Master Tech Sci (diss) -- "The computation and modeling of ejection equipment with a cylindrical mixing chamber". Moscow, 1958.

15 pp (Min Higher Educ USSR, Moscow Order of Lenin and Order of Iabor Red Banner Higher Technical School im Bauman), 150 copies (KL, No 2, 1959, 122)

STEFANOVSKIY, B.S., inzh.

1

1. Predstavleno kafedroy "Konstrukteii i remont lokomotivov" Rostovskogo-na-Donu instituta inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta.

(Jets--Fluid dynamics)

CHIRKOV, A.A., prof.; STEPANOVSKIY, B.S., inzh.

Predominant method of transmitting heat in internal combustion
Predominant method of transmitting heat in internal combustion
(Gas and oil engines)

(Gas and oil engines)

STEFANOVSKIY, B.S., inzh.

Theoretical elements of ejectors with cylindrical mixing chambers.

Trudy RIIZHT no.21:171-217 58.

(MIRA 11:6)

(Jets-Fluid dynamics) (Locomotives--Exhaust)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/25/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001653110006-8

s/262/62/000/024/003/00. A154/A126 $_{
m On}$ the use of centripetal gas turbines in ground transportation Stefanovskiy, B.S., Bogoslavskiy, Ye.G. Referativnyy zhurnal, Silovyye ustanovki, no. 24, 1962, 16, abstract 1061. v. 7, 245 - 42.24.130 (Uch. zan. yaroslavek. takhnol in-ta. 1061. v. 7 Reierativnyy znurnal, Silovyye ustanovki, no. 24, 1902, 10, abstractivnyy znurnal, Silovyye ustanovki, no. 24, 1961, v. 7, 245 - 42.24.139 (Uch. zap. Yaroslavsk. tekhnol. in-ta, 1961, v. 7, 245 - 262) AUTHORS: Formulae were obtained for work, efficiency, gas flow, torque, pow-TEXT:

Formulae were obtained for work, efficiency, gas flow, torque, power of the obtained for work, efficiency, gas flow, torque, power of the obtained for work, efficiency, gas flow, torque, power of the obtained equality of the obtained of the parameters of a centripetal turbine. Contain the reaction degree (as generally tained equations lies in the fact that the reaction degree (as generally in explicit form. Considering the fact that the reaction degree) TITLE: tained equations lies in the lact that they do not contain the reaction degree (as generally in explicit form. Considering the fact that the reaction degree the authors understood) strongly depends on the rom of the centricetal turbine. PERIODICAL: in explicit form. Considering the fact that the reaction degree (as generally the authors the authors understood) strongly depends on the rpm of the centripetal turbine, are of the understood) the reaction degree with the rotor blocked. and are of the propose determining the reaction degree with the rotor blocked. understood) strongly depends on the rpm of the centripetal turbine, the authors of the propose determining the reaction degree with the rotor blocked, and are of the propose determining the reaction degree with the reaction degree does not depend on the opinion that under these conditions the reaction degree does not depend on the reaction degree degree does not depend on the reaction degree degree does not depend on the reaction degree does not degree propose determining the reaction degree with the rotor blocked, and are of the opinion that under these conditions the reaction degree does not depend on in a opinion that under these conditions the reaction of the rotor blades noint in the discharge edges of the rotor blades noint in the discharge edges of the rotor blades noint in the discharge edges of the rotor blades noint in the discharge edges of the rotor blocked, and are of the proposed proposed that under these conditions the reaction degree does not depend on the opinion that under these conditions the discharge edges of the rotor blocked, and are of the proposed p 1 opinion that under these conditions the reaction degree does not depend on the remarkable. In this case rpm. It is noted that, when the discharge edges of the most advisable. In this case radial direction, the use of zero reaction is the most advisable. e. rpm. It is noted that, when the discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a In this case In this case is the most advisable. In this case increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing losses with increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing losses with increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing losses with increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing losses with increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing losses with increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing losses with increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing losses with increasing discharge edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing losses with increasing discharge edges edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing losses with increasing discharge edges edges of the rotor blades point in a case increasing losses with increasing edges ar Whe cre. It i poses clude clutch blades, tion chi or a friction availabl ming the nozzle card 1/3 es ideal (hyperbolic) tracan excess amount of working gas or the power of a centripetal turbine Card 2/3 CIA-RDP86-00513R001653110006-

S/124/62/000/005/019/048 D251/D308

AUTHOR:

Stefanovskiy, B.S.

TITLE:

Thermal computation of a gas ejector burner

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Mekhanika, no. 5, 1962, 41 - 42, abstract 5B245 (Uch. zap. Yaroslavsk. tekhnol., in-ta, 1961, v. 7, 265 - 274)

TEXT: A method is proposed for the thermal computation of a gas ejector burner which permits determination of the basic data for subsequent gasodynamic calculation of the burner. An interpolation formula is obtained for calculating the visible velocity of flamespreading in the burning mixture which consists of natural gas and air. The conditions of thermal equilibrium are considered for the system burner-furnace chamber. An equation is deduced to determine the gas-air mixture leaving the burner. A formula is obtained for calculating the diameter of the mixing chamber. The simplest method of graphical solution of the equations deduced is indicated. 4 references. [Abstractor's note: Complete translation].

Card 1/1

(MIRA 15:8)

STEFANOVSKIY, B.S., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent Criterion and calculation of thermal stress of an internal combustion engine. Vest.mashinostr. 42 no.8:39-40 Ag 162.

(Gas and oil engines)

STEPANOVSKIY, D. I.

"Northern Caucasian Honey." Cand Agr Sci, North Cssetian Agricultural Inst, Ezaudzhikay, 1953. (RZhKhim, Yo 23, Dec 54)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSE Higher Educational Institutions (12) SG: Sum. No. 556, 24 Jun 55

GRECHIN, I.G.; STEPANOVSKIY, F.S.; SHEYNVAL'D, M.L.

Boring and casing of water wells in Odessa Province. Gidr. i mel. 12 no.6:32-36 Je '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Odesskaya stroitel'no-montazhnaya kontora.
(Odessa Province--Artesian wells)
(Pipe, Asbestos-cement)

STEVANOVOLO

Reducing ventilation resistance in vertical mine shafts. Ugol' 33 no.1:31-35 Ja '58. (MIRA 11:2)

1. Proyektnaya kontora kombinata Ukrzapadshakhtstroy. (Mine ventilation)

STEFANOVSKIY, G.V.

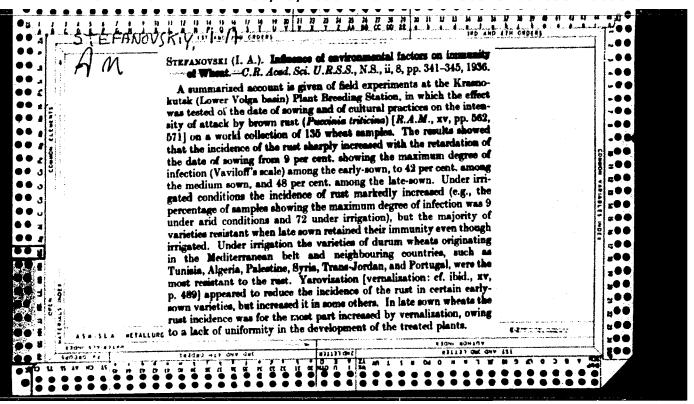
Utilization of permanent hoists and mine surface units in mine construction. Ugol' Ukr. Vol.3 no.5:31 My '59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Kombinat Ukrzapadshakhtostroy. (Mining engineering)

ARTYUKHOV, P.N., kand.tekhn.nauk; STEFANOVSKIY, G.V.; POPOV, A.A., gornyy inzhener

Replies to the article by V.I.Pechkovskii, A.A.Chernegov, and A.A. Nechitailo "Expedient means of draining the pit areas of the Niko-pol'manganese basin." Gor. zhur. no.3:71-73 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Gosudarstvennyy trest margantsevykh razrabotok Nikopol'skogo rayona.



STEFANOVSKIY, I.A

STEFANOVSKII, I. A.

Stefanovskii, I. A. "Resistance of Wheat to Brown Rust under Trans-Volga Conditions," Trudy po Prikladnoi Botanike, Genetike i Selektsii, Seriia A, no. 21, 1937, pp. 43-52.

So: SIRA - Si - 90-53, 15 Dec 1953

STEFANOVSKIY, I.A., doktor sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk.

Porage crops and their cultivation in the German Democratic Republic. Zemledelie 4 no.5:109-116 My '56. (MLRA 9:8) (Germany, East--Forage plants)

STEFANOVSKIY, I.A., doktor sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk.

Potato growing in the German Democratic Republic. Nauka i peredepono.9:58-60 S 156. (MIRA 9:10)

1. Leningradskiy sel'khozyaystvennyy institut.
(Germany, Bast--Potatoes)

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Grains.

М.

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 4, 1958, 15505

Author

: I.A. Stefanovskiy

Inst Title : Summer Grain Crops in the German Democratic Republic.

(Yarovyye zernovyye kul'tury v GDR).

Orig Pub

: S. kh. Povolsh'ya 1956, No 11, 74-75

Abstract

: The summer wheat varieties distributed in the German Democratic Republic are the Koga, Pego, Kapega and others. However, 10% of all the sowed area is occupied with spring barley, cultivated primarily for beer browing. German selectioners have cultivated varieties which satisfy the demends of the beer browing industry, the Else, Freya, Saale, Morgenrot, etc. Among the oat varieties occupying ~ 14% of all the area sown, the most distributed are the Flemingsgold, Flemingstre, Goldhafer, Universal, Berdeweiss, Omeko and others.

Card 1/2

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M

STEFANOVSKY, I.A

USSR/Cultivated Plants. Grains.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 5, 1958, 20234.

Author : I.A. Stefanovskiy.

Inst : Not given.

: Cultivating Winter Grain Crops in the German Democratic Title

Republic. (Vozdelyveniye ozimykh zernovykh kul'tur v

Orig Pub: Sovkhoznoye proiz-vo, 1957, No 8, 74-75.

Abstract: No abstract.

: 1/1 Card

STEFANOVSKIY, I.A., prof., doktor sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk

Resistance of winter rye to standing water. Agrobiologiia no.4:573-576 Jl-Ag '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Leningradskiy sel'skokhozyay stvennyy institut. (Rye) (Plants, Effect of soil moisture on)

STEFANOVSKIY, I.A.

Resistance of winter rye and wheat to standing water. Fiziol. rast. 9 no.5:589-594 162. (MIRA 15:10)

Resignance of spring wheat to excessive moisture in various growth peases. Agriculturalia no.5:778-779 Subbis. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Leningradskiy selfskokkozycystvennyy institut, Fushkin.

STEFANCYSKIY, Kh. Kalan

STEPANOVEKIY Kh, Kh, "The planing of timber" sbornik naych. trudov(Ural'skiy lesotekhn. in-t), Moscow-Leningrad, 1948. p53-84

80: U-3261, 10 April 53. (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'Nykh Statey No. 11 1949)

Gremanovskii, Kh. Kh.

21818 TEFANOVEKII, Kh. Kh. O formulakh razaniya drevesiny (na printsipe ucheta deformirovaniya drevesiny) Svornik statey po obshchetekhn. voprosam (Trudy Ural'skogo lesotekhn. in-ta). Sverdlovsk, 1949, s. 89-97. - Bibliogr: 5 nazv.

So: Detopis' Churnal'nykh Statey, No. 29, Yookva, 1949.

Engineer and pilot. Av.i kosm. 45 no.5:78-80 My '63.

(Aeronautical research)

Glorious Stalin aviation. Vympel 11 no.13:2-4 J1 48.

(Russia--Air Force)

STET ANOVSKIY, V. A., Cand Med Sci -- "On certain neurological changes in schizophrenia." Dnepropetrovsk, 1961. (Dnepropetrovsk State Med Inst) (KL, 8-61, 265)

- 526 **-**

STEFANOVSKIY, V.A.

Neurological symptomatology in the clinical aspects of schizophrenia. Zhur. nevr. i psikh. 64 no.9:1365-1368 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

1. Kafedra psikhiatrii (zaveduyushchiy - prof. N.P. Tatarenko)
Khar'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta, otdel vegetativnoy
patologii (zaveduyushchiy - prof. O.S. Val'shonok) Ukrainskogo
nauchno-issledovatel'skogo piskhonevrologicheskogo instituta
(direktor O.R. Stepanenko) i Poltavskaya psikhonevrologicheskaya
bol'nitsa (glavnyy vrach A.I. Krapivkin).

TOGUNOV, Boris Mikhaylovich; STEFANOVSKIY, Vladimir Mikhaylovich; RUSAKOVA, N.G., spets. red.; ROZENBERG, M.B., spets. red. VACHAYEVA, Z.P., red.-leksikograf

[German-Russian dictionary of refrigeration engineering] Nemetsko-russkii slovar' po kholodil'noi tekhnike. Moskva, Sovetskaia Entsiklopediia, 1965. 246 p. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kholc-dil'noy promyshlennosti (for Rusakova, Rozenberg).

STEFANOVSKIY, Ye.Ye. Production concentration in the silicate industry of the U.S.S.R. Trudy KhPI 22 no.2:19-33 159. (MIRA 15: (Silicates)

(MIRA 15:9)

STEFANOVSKIY, Yevgeniy Yevgen'yevich; BORODKIN, V.I., kand. tekhn. nauk, nauk, dots., retsenzent; VED', Ye.I., kand. tekhn. nauk, dots., retsenzent; RYDNIK, V.L., kand. ekon. nauk, otv. red.; FISHCHENKO, B.V., red.; TROFIMENKO, A.S., tekhn. red.

[Economics of the silicate industry of the U.S.S.R.] Ekonomika silikatnoi promyshlennosti SSSR. Khar'kov, Izd-vo Khar'kovskogo (MIRA 16:12) univ., 1962. 204 p. (Silicates)

Distr: 4E3d LAromatic hydrocarbons in the 275 350° fraction of Tiple—4 nove crude oil. 17, Student and Na. Stefanogoldi. Compt. rend. cand. bulgure 31, 11, 1849 52, 1868, (in 1849).)—The aromatic part of this fraction consists maintainly of systems. [R. O. Bender			_				
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Distr: 4E3d Aromatic hydrographons in the 275-350° fraction of Tjule—4 nove crude oil. 19. Shadow and Yu. Stefanogekii. Compt. 1-0.3 Web) rend. acad. bulgare 56: 11. 389 92(1908)(in Fightsh).—The aromatic part of this fraction consists mainly of header— thracenesserivs. R. O. Bender— R. O. Bender— 1. Thracenesserivs.							
Distr: 4E3d Aromatic hydrocarbons in the 275-350° fraction of Tjule—4 novo crude oil. 15. Simbly and Yn. Stefangestif. Compt. rend. acad. bulgare ser. 11. 480 02(1938)(in Fighish.—The t-of-) nromatic part of this fraction consists mainly of hydrogan- the three figures. R. O. Bender.							
Distr: 4E3d L Aromatic hydrocarbons in the 275-350° fraction of Tjule—4 novo crude oil. 11, Shorton and Yu. Stefanovskif. Compt. 1, rend. acad. bulgare xiii. 480 92(1038)(in Finghish).—The 1—1, 480 aromatic part of this fraction consists mainly of hydroan—1, thereenellierivs. R. O. Bender							
Distr: 4E3d Aromatic hydrocarbons in the 275 J50° fraction of Tiple 4 novo crudo oil. 11, Shown and Yn. Stefangeskii. Compt. rend. acad. bulgare sci. 11, 489 92(1958)(in Fights).—The promatic part of this fraction consists mainly of hydron. thracenesterivs. R. O. Bender.						•	
Distr: 4E3d LAromatic hydrogarbons in the 275-350° fraction of Tjule—4 novo crudo oil. 1. Shorton and Yu. Stefanovskii. Compt. rend. acad. bulgare sec. 11. 480-92 (1068) (in Finglish).—The romatic part of this fraction consists mainly of hydrogar- thracene derivs. R. O. Bender							
Distr: 4E3d Aromatic hydrocarbons in the 275-350° fraction of Tjule- novo crude oil. D. Shofor and Yn. Stefanovskil. Compt. rend. acad. bulgare sri. 11, 480-92(1908)(in English). The promatic part of this fraction consists mainly of hydrogn- thracene derivs. R. O. Bender							
Distr: 4E3d Aromatic hydrocarbons in the 275 350° fraction of Tiple— novo crudo oil. D. Shohov and Yu. Stefanovskil. Compt. rend. acad. bulgare sci. 11. 380 92(1958)(in Fighish).—The aromatic part of this fraction consists mainly of hydroan— n. thracene flerivs. R. O. Bender							
Aromatic hydrocarbons in the 275-350 fraction of Time- novo crudo oil. It. Shahov and Yu. Stefanosciil. Compt. rend. acad. bulgare sci. 11, 480 92 (1968) in Finglish).—The aromatic part of this fraction consists mainly of hydroan- thracenclaterivs. R. O. Bender.		Distr: 4E3d		1.			
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BEROVA, N.; STEPANOVSKY, J. [Stefanovski, I.]; KURTOV, B.; CHAIMOVA, M. [Khaimova, M.]; MCLLOV, N. [Molov, N.]

Synthesis and separation of lementhy ester of the 3-amino-2,3-diphenylpr ane acids, and their soluction into optically active 1-amino-1,2-diphenylpropanol. Doklady RAN 17 no.1:41-44

BOGNAR, Rezso; STEFANOVSKY, Jurii [Shtefanovskiy, Yuriy]

Flavonofds.VI. Preparation and transformations of 2-hydroxy-calcon derivative epoxy. Magy kem folyoir 68 no.7:296-305 Jl '62.

1. Kossuth Lajos Tudomanyegyetem Szerves-Kamiai Tanszeke, Debrecen. 2. "Magyar Kemiai Folyoirat" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja. (for Bognar).

STEFANOWICZ, Albert

Miniature radiation monitors with Geiger-Mueller counters developed at the department of radiology of the Academy of Medicine in Warsaw. Polski prezegl.radiol. 23 no.6:439-442 N-D 159.

1. Z zakladu Radiologii Lek. A.M. w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr nauk med. W. Zawadowski. (RADIOMETRY equip & supply)

STEFANOVICH, A. [Stefanowicz, A.]

Scintigraph device for studying the localization of radioactive isotopes in the human body. Med.rad. no.10874-76 61. (MIRA 14:10)

1. Iz kafedry radiologii Meditsinskoy akademii v Varshave.
(RADIOACTIVITY MEASUREMENT)

POLAND / Farm Animals: The Honeybee.

Q

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 5, 1959, 21336.

Author

Stefanowicz, Edmund.
Not given. : Nosema and the Development of Bees in Spring. Inst Title

Orig Pub: Psczelarstvo, 1958; 9, No 2, 50-52.

Abstract: According to the data of the Egyptian investigator, M. G. Gassaneyn (1952), on the 9th day the average size of jelly glands amounted to 106.8 mu in bees infected with nosema (N), on the 15th day to 76.3 mu; in healthy bees it amounted correspondingly to 205.5 mu and 127.9 mu. The decreased ability to secrete jelly disorganizes the life activities of the colony. The infection of bees with N during their first days of life leads to a premature disappearance of jelly glands, which

Card 1/2

POLAND / Farm Animals. The Honeybee.

Q

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 5, 1959, 21327.

: Stefanowicz, Edmund. Author

: Not given. . The Raising of Queens from Eggs with the Method of Inst

Title Kofer:

Orig Pub: Pszchelarstvo, 1958; 9, No 3, 81-83;

Abstract: In the case of G. Kofer, 80 percent of queens holding a record in terms of collecting honey derive from swarming queens, raised from eggs. The best queens layed 3600 eggs daily; there were 180 egg tubules. The daily production of one tubule amounts to 20 eggs. In terms of the egg tubules quantity, queens which were hatched from an egg (170-180) occupy the first place, then follow queens from one day larvae (130-150), two

Card 1/2

joint for g = 5-20 mm

SOURCE: Przeglad spawalnictwa, no. 10, 1964, 233-235

TOPIC TAGS: butt welding, weld seam flaw, flaw detection, weld seam resistance, ultrasonic flaw detection

ABSTRACT: On the basis of the present scope of ultrasonic flaw detection, the authors consider three types of weld seam flaws detectable by the ultrasonic method: (a) point flaws, (b) semicontinuous flaws, and (c) continuous flaws. The latter two types can be compared by the relation $\mathbf{a} = \mathbf{\beta}\mathbf{b}$, where a is the segment of the continuous flaw (mm), b is the segment of the semicontinuous flaw (mm), and β is the comparative coefficient of the flaws. The value a < 5g, where g is the thickness of the joined elements, was adopted. The modulus of resistance of a joint describes the quality of this joint compared to a flaw-less joint; it is the ratio of the cross section capable of withstanding the load to the theoretical cross section. The relation $z_{pom} = 1 - \frac{3}{g}k$, k being the flaw intensity, was

Card 1/3

L 25135-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4048091

thus derived. The variation of the coefficients β (g) and z_{poin} (g, k) for various values of k is shown in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 6 numbered

formulas.

ASSOCIATION: none

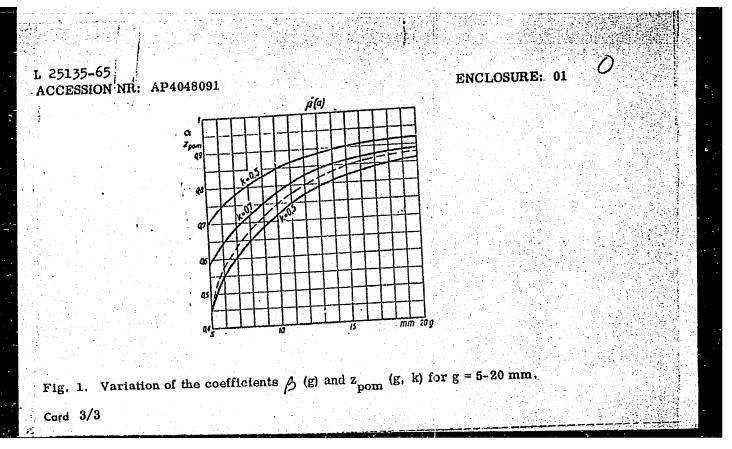
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SUB CODE: MM, IE

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 000



STEFANOWICZ, Jozef, mgr inz.; JANKOWSKI, Tadeusz, inz.

Ultrasonic method of determining the Zpom strength coefficient of a welded butt joint for g = 5 -- 20mm. Przegl spaw 16 no.10:233-235 0 164.

SUCHY, Elzbieta; STEFANOWSKA-KOTARBINSKA, Barbara

Endemic atypical pneumonia at a newborn ward. Pediat. polska 31 no.5:549-534 May 56.

1. Z Kliniki Diagnostyki Chorob Dzieciecych A.M. w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr. med. Z. Lejmbach i z Zakladu Radiologii Pediatrycznej A.M. w Warszawie Kierownik: prof. dr. med. K. Rowinski, Warszawa, ul. Dzialdowska 1/3.

(PNEUMONIA, PRIMARY ATYPICAL, epidemiology, hosp. epidemic (Pol))

PRZYBYISKA, Halina; OKNINSKA, Anna; STEFANOWSKA, Barbara

Limited valvular pulmonary emphysema in infants of non-tuberculous etiology. Pediat.polska 35 no.3:277-289 Mr '60.

1. Z Kliniki Diagnostyki Chorob Dziech w Warszawie, Kierownik: prof. dr med. Z. Lejmbach; i s Zakladu Radiologii Pediatrycznej, Kierownik: prof. dr med. K. Rowinski.

(PULMONARY EMPHYSEMA in inf. & child)

L 13372-66

ACC NR: AP6002070

SOURCE CODE: PO/0045/65/0028/006/0809/0822

AUTHOR: Kawski, A.; Stefanowska, U.

32

ORG: Department of Physics, Pedagogic Institute, Gdansk (Katedra Fizyki, Wyzsza Szkola Pedagogiczna)

8

TITLE: Investigations on the Anomalous Stokes' red Shift of the absorption and fluorescence spectra of 4-aminophthalimide as a function of the mixing ratio of nonpolar and polar solvents

SOURCE: Acta physica polonica, v. 28, no. 6, 1965, 809-822

TOPIC TAGS: line shift, absorption spectrum, fluorescence spectrum, organic solvent, amino acid, wave number

ABSTRACT: After a brief review of past work, the paper presents and discusses the results of measurements of Stokes' shift to the red of the wave number of the maxima of the absorption and fluorescence spectra of 4-aminophthalimide dissolved in two-component mixtures as a function of the ratio of the components used; in each case, one of the components was polar and the other nonpolar. The ratio of the components was Card 1/2

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L 13372-66

ACC NR: AP6002070

chosen to give a known dielectric constant and refractive index. The following two-component mixtures were used: benzene+methanol (I), carbon tetrachloride+acetone (II), benzene+chloroform (III) and carbon tetrachloride+chloroform (IV). Diagrams presented show curves of the absorption and fluorescence spectra of 4-aminophthalimide dissolved in the mixtures having different concentrations of the components and wave numbers of the maxima of fluorescence versus the wave numbers of the long-wavelength maxima of absorption as obtained from the curves.

SUB CODE: 07,24 SUBM DATE: 27May65 / ORIG REF: 003 / OTH REF: 004 / SOV REF: 003

Card 2/2

Application of noaradraalin & neosynephrine in the treatment of shock.
Polski tygod. lek. 13 no.12:431-435 14 Mar 56.

1. Z I Kliniki Chirurgicznej Akademii Medycznej w Lodzi; Kierownik:
prof. Marian Stefanowski.
(SHOCK, ther.
arterenol & phenylephrine (Pol))
(ARTERENOL, ther. use
shock (Pol))
(SYMPATHOMIMETICS, ther. use
phenylephrine in shock (Pol))

STEFANOWSKI, Andrzej

The multishuttle loom of the 100 WT Lancier type. Przegl wlokien 16 no.2:99-104 F '62.

1. Centralne Biuro Technicsne Przemyslu Maszyn Wlokienniczych, Lods.

STEFANOWSKI, B,:(Dr. Engr.).:

Chlodnictwo. (Refrigeration), 1st Ed. Warsaw, 1932; 2d Ed. Warsaw-Stockholm, 1949.

Continued to the state of the state of Contract, Vol. 2, No.10, October 1973. Nochestical.

STEFANOWSKI, Bohdan

Science and technology in the curricula of technical universities. Review Pol Academy 5 no.3/4:107-113 J1-D 160.

(Poland—Technical education) (Poland—Science) (Poland—Technology)

STEFANOWSKI, Bohdan

Sciences and technology in the curricula of the polytechnic colleges. Nauka polska 8 no.3:146-151 Jl-S 160.

1. Członek rzeczywisty Polskiej Akademii Nauk, Warszawa.

P/002/61/000/001/004/007 DO01/D101

Stefanowski, Bohdan, Member of Polish Academy of

AUTHOR:

Sciences, Professor Research on thermal principles of energetics. the activity of the Thermoenergetics Section About

TITLE:

Nauka Polska, no. 1, 1961, 123-128

TEXT: The author briefly describes the history and activities of the Zakład Termoenergetyki (Thermoenergetics Section), PAS. The the Lakiau rermoenergetyki (Thermoenergetics Section), FAS. The Polish term "energetyka" (energetics) refers to electric power which polish term "energetyka" (energetics) refers to electric power which polish term "energetyka" (energetics) refers to electric power which PERIODICAL: usually is produced from fiels. Thermal phenomena in electric power usually is produced from fiels. Thermal phenomena in electric power generation require thorough research. To that end the Polska Aka-generation require thorough research established the Thermoener demia Nauk (Polish Academy of Sciences) established the Jakkad Techniki Cienlagi Politachniki Workson which belongs to the Zakkad Techniki Cienlagi Politachniki Workson getics beculon in 1972. This institution was noused in a building which belongs to the Zakład Techniki Cieplnej Politechniki Warszawwhich belongs to the Lakiau rechniki orepined Fortbechniki wars skiej (Thermal Engineering Section of the Warsaw Polytechnical Institute) in Warsaw Gines then both institutions accounts Institute) in Warsaw. Since then, both institutions cooperate

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P/002/61/000/001/004/007 D001/B101

Research on thermal...

closely and make joint use of available equipment. The thermoener-getics section, PAS, presently employs 14 scientific workers, three technical workers and one administrative employee. The section published two books and over twenty scientific papers, among them the following dissertations: - Habilitation dissertations- 1) J. Juda, "Microscopic mineralogical analysis of fine dusts by variation in phase contrast"; 2) B. Staniszewski. "Conditions of steam bubble growth and detachment during effervescent boiling". -Doctors theses -1) J. Juda, "Principles of bifuel propulsion"; 2) S. Wójtheses -1) J. Juda, "Principles of bifuel propulsion"; 4) K. vescent boiling of liquids in free convection conditions"; 4) K. Brodowicz, "The influence of turbulence on heat transfer in flow past a nest of tubes"; 5) S. Gajczak, "Theoretical analysis of the absorption and diffusion refrigerating system"; 6) W. Gogół, "A generalized method of measuring thermal properties of matter based on orderly state of heat exchange"; 7) P. Wójcik, "A new method of measuring enthalpy of a stream of liquid". The working program of this section deals with the following: 1) Thermodynamics of heat

Card 2/3

Research on thermal...

P/002/61/000/001/004/007 D001/D101

flux and heat exchange, with particular stress on heat exchange in two-phase steam-liquid systems and hydrodynamics of this system. 2) Konimetry. Results of this research were published in Dr. J. Juda's paper, "Research on dust and dust-arresting installations". 3) Combustion. Problems of stabilized combustion of heterogenic mixtures, flame stabilization by means of a pneumatic stabilizer and the influence of pulsation on stability range and combustion efficiency. 4) Refrigeration, with particular consideration of theoretical research. Sorption processes occuring in refrigeration systems were described in Dr. St. Gajczak's book "Absorption refrigeration installations". 5) Heat measurement. In view of ever increasing heat utilization for industrial purposes, a new method of heat flow and temperature measurement was worked out. On the basis of this new method an integrating heat meter was designed and a prototype

ASSOCIATION:

Zakład Termoenergetyki PAN (Thermoenergetics Section, Polish Academy of Sciences) Warsaw.

SUBMITTED:

November 1960

Card 3/3

STEFANOWSKI, Bohdan, professor

The Polish Academy of Sciences Research Centre for Thermoenergetics. Review Pol Academy 6 no.1:65-68 Ja-Mr 61.

1. Member of the Polish Academy of Sciences, head, Research Centre for Thermoenergetics, Warsaw. The address of the Center: Warsaw, Nowowiejska 25.

(Polish Academy of Sciences) (Poland-Research)
(Poland-Electric power)

STEFANOWSKI, Bohdan, Prof.

Institute of Thermoengineering, Warsaw Technical University; Genesis and program. Review Pol Academy 6 no. 4:49-52 O-D '61.

1. Member of the Polish Academy of Sciences, Warsaw. Head of the Institute of Thermoengineering, Warsaw.

STEFANOWSKI, Bohdan

History of the Institute of Heat Technology at the Warsaw Polytechnic School. Nauka Polska 9 no.3:179-188 461.

1. Czlonek rzeczywisty Polskiej Akademii Nauk, Czlonek Rady Redakcyjnej kwartalnika "Nauka Polska".

STEFANOWSKI, Bohdan, prof. dr., dr. h.c.

James Watt; his life and achievements. Problemy 13 no.7:493-498 '62.

1. Czlonek rzeczywisty Polskiej Akademii Nauk, Warszawa.

STEFANOWSKI, Bohdan, prof.

Technical schooling of refrigeration engineers and technicians.

Przegl techn no.47:9 23 N 60.

STEFANOWSKI, Bohdan

Technological physics and its role in the education of scientific research workers. Nauka polska 12 no.1:143-146 Ja-F '64.

1. Member of the Polish Academy of Sciences, Warsaw.

STEFANOWSKI, Bohdan, prof. dr

Immediate conversion of heat into electricity. Problemy 19
[i.e. 20] no. 2:73 '64.

1. Hember, Polish Academy of Sciences, Warsaw.

ACC NR1 AP6035250

SOURCE CODE: PO/0002/66/000/004/0082/0084

AUTHOR: Stefanowski, Bohdan (Active member PAN) (Warsaw)

ORG: none

TITIE: Activity of the newly founded Institute of Heat Engineering of the Warsaw Polytechnic School (Instytut Techniki Cieplnej Politechniki Warszawskiej)

SOURCE: Nauka polska, no. 4, 1966, 82-84

TOPIC TAGS: scientific organization, heat theory

ABSTRACT: The Institute of Heat Engineering (Instytut Techniki Cieplnej) was formed in June 1963 as a part of the Mechanical Section of Energetics and Aviation of the Warsaw Polytechnic School (Wydzial Mechaniczny Energetyki i Lotnictwa Politechniki Warszawskiej). In addition to the Department of Heat Engine Theory (Katedra Teorii Maszyn Cieplnych), whose activity predominates in this field, the Institute includes the Department of Boilers, Turbines and Pumps (Katedra Kotlow, Turbin i Pomp), the Department of Industrial and Aviation Internal Combustion Engines (Katedra Silnikow Spalinowych Przemyslowych i Lotniczych), and the Department of Power Plants and Power Economy (Katedra Silowni i Gospodarki Energetycznej). The topics of research work now being carried out at the Institute include the following: (a) exchange of heat and mass, (b) principles of the theory of combustion processes, (c) direct conversion of heat into electric energy, (d) scientific principles of the design of boilers,

Card 1/2

